

# **Whitley Abbey Primary School**

### Hand in hand we learn

# **PE Curriculum**

	Curriculum Drivers				
Possibilities and Citizenship	Reading and Oracy	Health and Wellbeing	Celebrating Diversity		
Our curriculum is designed to promote aspirations by preparing children for a changing world by making links between their learning and careers and opportunities in adult life. The curriculum enables children to make connections between what is learnt in school and open-up possibilities for them in later life.  Teachers support children to be good citizens through the development of British Values and the core learning values of; Commitment, Opportunity, Respect and Excellence.	Our curriculum is carefully designed to meet the needs of the children we serve, placing strong emphasis on the development of oracy skills and fluency in reading. At Whitley Abbey, we recognise that strong oracy underpins effective communication, enabling children to express themselves clearly and to understand others with confidence.  Reading remains a cornerstone of our curriculum, supporting pupils in developing the independent learning skills they will need to thrive in later life.	Our curriculum is designed to promote children's health, wellbeing and resilience through the promotion of Whitley Character Values, friendship, kindness, courage, resilience, gratitude and honesty. We want our children to make good choices about their own health and wellbeing.  Research suggested that better emotional wellbeing is associated with higher achievement in primary school. When children feel safe they are able to better access learning in the classroom.	Our curriculum is designed to celebrate diversity. This means understanding that each individual is unique and recognising and celebrating our individual differences. The concept of diversity encompasses community, acceptance and respect. We foster the exploration of these differences in a safe, positive, and nurturing environment. We believe that by practicing mutual respect for qualities and experiences that are different from our own we build alliances across differences so that we can work together to eradicate all forms of discrimination.		

# Intent

It is our belief that Physical Education is vital in maintaining our students' health; not just their **physical health** but using PE and Sport as a vehicle to improve **positive mental health** and **social wellbeing** for all our students.

The purpose of the PE curriculum and enrichment programme is to provide opportunity for high quality teaching and learning, which immerses students in specialist knowledge, and inspires them to engage in a **lifelong love of sport**.

Underpinning the curriculum design is the schools values of friendship, kindness, honesty, resilience, courage and gratitude – all of which contribute to the development of sportsmanship. These are not only vital characteristics and skills for life but are essential for what is takes to be successful in the world of sport. Our curriculum is inclusive for all abilities, aiming to nurture individuals talents and passions as well as support more reluctant students to find a sport they can commit to and enjoy as part of a healthy lifestyle.

### **EYFS**

In the Foundation Stage, the learning and development of PE is taught through the gross motor skills strand of Physical Development.

These experiences and skills prepare the children for work in Y1 onwards and subject specific study.

Physical Development ELG: Gross Motor Skills Children at the expected level of development will: - Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others; - Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing; - Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing.

#### **Key Stage 1 Key Stage 2** Pupils should develop fundamental movement skills, become increasingly Pupils should continue to apply and develop a broader range of skills, competent and confident and access a broad range of opportunities to extend learning how to use them in different ways and to link them to make their agility, balance and coordination, individually and with others. actions and sequences of movement. They should enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing with each other. They They should be able to engage in competitive (both against self and against others) and co-operative physical activities, in a range of increasingly challenging should develop an understanding of how to improve in different situations. physical activities and sports and learn how to evaluate and recognise Pupils should be taught to: \* master basic movements including running. their own success jumping, throwing and catching, as well as developing balance, agility and co-Pupils should be taught to: \* use running, jumping, throwing and ordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities & participate in team catching in isolation and in combination & play competitive games, games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending & perform dances modified where appropriate [for example, badminton, basketball, cricket, football, hockey, netball, rounders and tennis], and apply using simple movement patterns. basic principles suitable for attacking and defending 📤 develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance [for example, through athletics and gymnastics] 🌲 perform dances using a range of movement patterns 📤 take part in outdoor and adventurous activity

challenges both individually and within a team & compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to

achieve their personal best

# **Implementation**

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Basic fundamental skills are a focus for each year group, the skills have been progressively organised within the curriculum document (taken from the National curriculum) to ensure skills are built upon and repeated (deliberate practise) to develop them further and master them. Children are taught key vocabulary which is built upon each year to develop a good understanding of the skills and how to lead a healthy lifestyle.

### Implementation:

### **Staff Development**

- Sports week to be imbedded termly to encourage children to experience new sports and activities and teachers are encouraged to showcase any of their sporting talents and interests.
- Healthy living is promoted throughout the curriculum particularly in Science and DT.
- Children in Y3-Y6 to be given daily swimming lessons over the course of 4 weeks to increase the proportions of pupils meeting the end of KS2 National Curriculum aim to swim 25m.
- Teacher work alongside specialist sports coaches to upskill them in areas such as Dance and Gymnastics.

### Resources:

Teachers have access to a qualified Sports Coach who supports them to use the progression document and yearly overview to plan out their fundamental skills deliver high quality PE.

### Assessment:

• All pupils are assessed against the National Curriculum. The school has designed criteria for assessment to ensure that teachers are able to make judgements on pupils in their year group. This has been designed using progressive "Can you" and "Show me" questions to allow children to showcase their knowledge and skills to show they have developed the fundamental key skills as outlined by the National Curriculum.

### **Monitoring:**

- Subject leader monitoring takes place to sustain the quality of teaching of PE within School this is complimented by external monitoring from CV Life line managers
- Monitoring of pupils who attend clubs to increase the proportions of disadvantaged and SEND pupils accessing a club.
- Lesson observations
- Data analysis
- Schools team entries and outcomes at tournaments and events.

EYFS				
Our EYFS curriculum is planned but may be	adapted to be responsive to pupil's interests			
Example - Teacher Led experiences	Example - Enhanced Provision opportunities linked to P.E			
Whilst much of the children's PE is delivered through their immediate learning environment and outdoor provision, children in Nursery and Reception will have access to a lesson delivered by a qualified sports coach weekly. During these lessons children will work on specific skills to support their gross motor development.  Nursery  Throwing and catching  Climbing  Using apparatus  Skill development, such as picking up items, bending, using gross and fine motor skills in combination. Using listening skills and following instructions to engage in these tasks.  Reception  Autumn Term: Movement - Agility Spring 1: Throwing and Catching Spring 2: Gymnastics - balance Summer 1: Multisports - Sports Day Summer 2: Outdoor Adventure	Outdoor provision accessible all year round; Playground, use of field and purpose built play structures.; Balance beams, logs and tyres; Large plastic building materials; Prams, scooters and pedal toys; Boxes, hoops, tunnels, dens, large sheets of material; Sand put and water trays; Drainpipes and buckets; Dressing up clothes, ironing boards, role play; Garden and mud kitchen.; Parachute balls and bats, bean bags and cones.; Weekly timetabled PE time in the school hall and outside to teach specific skills; Sequential PE lessons in areas of balls skills, running, jumping, dance, team games and gymnastics; Regular physical warm up games, yoga, mindfulness activities during the day; Access to steps, slopes, variety of surfaces.; Appropriate chairs/tables for EYFS children.			
<b>V</b> ocabulary Running, jumping and galloping (gross motor), Space, Gallop, Direction, 1 foot to 2 feet hop, Throw, Catch, Kick, Roll, Partner, Aim, space, Target, hoop, jump, travel, stretch, healthy, balance.	Assessment Questions Can children perform a range of gymnqastic movements accurately? Can children travel safe;t with awareness of personal space? Can children demonstrate movements that show balance, coordination and strength? Do children know why exercises is important?			

	Can children control some simple apparatus? (ball, hoop, beanbag)			
			Year 1	inple apparatus: (bail, floop, beambag)
	Term	Autumn	Spring	Summer
	Deliberate Practice (Skills)	<ul> <li>Develop balance, agility and continuous</li> </ul>	ping simple tactics for attacking and def ement patterns.	Deliberate practise vocabulary: run, jump (star, tuck, bunny hop, leap, hop, straight, half) throw (over arm, underarm) catch, balance, counter balance ,agility, co-ordination, team, attack and defend, movement pattern, warm up, cool down,
PE	Knowledge Assessment questions:	Assessment questions Dance  Do children know the importance of completing a warm up/ cool down?  Can children tell you why a rehearsal is important?  Can children show you a series of simple movement patterns?  Can children show you a clear starting and finishing position?  Gymnastics  Do children know the importance of completing a warm up?  Do children know what is meant by travelling?  Can children show you a roll? (could be a log roll, forward roll, backwards roll, teddy-bear roll)  Can children show you a safe way to land? (bending both knees on landing with two feet)  Can children make shapes with their body?  Can children move from one place to another changing the speed of movement?  Can children evaluate their performance?  Can children talk about the importance of exercise and some of the effects it has on their body?	Multi-sports  Do children know the importance completing a warm up/ cool down  Can children show you different ways of using a ball? (e.g. kick, rothrow)  Can children retrieve and stop a ball using different body parts?  Can children show you how to runinto space?  Can children show you simple defending and attacking techniques? E.g. dodging, sprintininto spaces, following.  Can children show you how to pasa ball?  Can children show you how to receive a ball in different ways?  Can children evaluate their performance?  Can children talk about the importance of exercise and some of the effects it has on their body?	<ul> <li>Can children show you different ways of balance?</li> <li>Can children show you a variety of different sporting skills? E.g. bat, ball, throw, catch, jump etc. (link to types of jumps)</li> <li>Can children change direction whilst running?</li> <li>Can children evaluate their performance?</li> <li>Can children say what they need to do improve their performance?</li> <li>Can children talk about the importance of exercise and some of the effects it has on their body?</li> </ul>
	Vocabulary	Performance, dance, rehearsal, dance phrases, patterns, movement.	Passing, throwing, underarm, overarm, defend, attack, techniques, breathing, fas slow, control, space, dodging, sprinting,	

		<b>Gymnastics</b> Warm up, heart rate, shapes, travelling, apparatus, timing, direction.	pass.	
			Year 2	
	Term	Autumn	Spring	Summer
	Deliberate Practice (Skills)		atterns.	bunny hop, leap, hop, straight, half) throw (over arm, underarm) catch, balance, counter balance, warm up, cool down, healthy, exercise, fitness., agility, co-ordination, team, attack and defend, movement pattern warm up, cool down, healthy. exercise. fitness.
PE	Knowledge Assessment questions:	Assessment Questions  Dance  Can children evaluate and improve a dance performance?  Can children use vocabulary to describe how dances make them feel?  Can children perform a dance using simple movement patterns?  Gymnastics  Can children show you how they put a variety of different movement patterns together? E.g. roll, jump, balance, jump, roll.  Can children show you a roll? (could be a log roll, forward roll, backwards roll, teddy-bear roll)  Can children show you a safe way to land? (bending both knees on landing with two feet)  Can children develop short sequences?  Do children show a clear start, middle and end?  Can children evaluate their performance?  Can children say what they need to do improve their performance?  Can children talk about the importance of exercise and some of the effects it has on their body?	Can children identify rules and tactics for different invasion games?     Can children show you ways to defend?     Can children receive a ball in different ways with control?     Can children show you how to pass a ball with accuracy?     Can children evaluate their performance?     Can children say what they need to do improve their performance?     Can children talk about the importance of exercise and some of the effects it has on their body?	Assessment Questions Can children change direction whilst running? Can children show movement techniques with control? Can children show co-ordination? E.g. catching a ball with accuracy, throwing a ball to a target. Can children evaluate their performance? Can children say what they need to do improve their performance? Can children talk about the importance of exercise and some of the effects it has on their body?
	Vocabula	Dance	invasion games, score, tactics, skills, pass, receive,	Active, space, skills, actions, combination, accuracy,

	'	repeat, starting, finishing, positions, performing. <b>Gymnastics</b> aerobic, cool down, routine, arches, bridges,  ense, oxygen, muscles, lungs.	accuracy.	control, control, co-ordination
			Year 3	
	Term	Autumn	Spring	Summer
	Deliberate Practice (Skills)	<ul> <li>play competitive games, modified who netball, rounders and tennis], and ap</li> <li>develop flexibility, strength, technology</li> <li>perform dances using a range of move take part in outdoor and adventurous</li> <li>compare their performances with</li> </ul> Assessment Questions	and catching in isolation and in combination here appropriate [for example, badminton, basketball, cric ply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending hique, control and balance [for example, through a rement patterns s activity challenges both individually and within a team herevious ones and demonstrate improvement to a Assessment Questions	(over arm, underarm, bounce pass, chest pass) catch, balance, stretch, counter balance ,agility, co-ordination, team, attack and defend, movement pattern, warm up, cool  Assessment Questions
PE	Knowledge Assessment questions:	Dance  Can children evaluate and improve a dance performance?  Can children name the muscles/body parts that they need to warm up and cool down for dance?  Can children respond to a stimulus to create movement patterns?  Gymnastics  Can children show a range of symmetric and asymmetric actions, shapes and balances?  Can children control actions?  Can children move from floor to apparatus safely?  Can children evaluate their performance?  Can children say what they need to do improve their performance?  Can children talk about the importance of exercise and some of the effects it has on their body?	Invasion Games  Can children show you accuracy when passing a ball?  Can children show you how to send and receive a ball using different ways? Overarm/underarm/ chest pass/ bounce pass  Can children travel whilst maintaining control of a ball?  Can children explain how to organise themselves to play an invasion game?  Can children evaluate their performance?  Can children say what they need to do improve their performance?  Can children talk about the importance of exercise and some of the effects it has on their body?	Athletics  Can children choose skills and equipment to meet challenges set?  Can children change speed or technique to meet challenges set for running, jumping and throwing?  Can children tell you what their body feels like when exercising?  Can children describe what happens to their bodies during exercise?  Can children evaluate their performance?  Can children say what they need to do improve their performance?  Can children talk about the importance of exercise and some of the effects it has on their body?
	Vocabulary	Dance timing, stimulus, translating, freely, improvise.  Gymnastics  mirroring, matching, symmetric, asymmetric, shapes, , extension, body tension, control, apparatus, levels. Tucked jump, Star jump, Straight jump, Half turn jump from a bench, ,Pike jump, Cat leap.	passing, receiving, techniques, communication, travelling, control, possession, scoring, target, off- target, tactics, support, patterns of play. Chest pass, bounce pass, overarm, underarm	techniques, speed, effort, challenges, distance, temperature, athletic, aerobic, fitness, force, power, speed, direction. Chest pass, bounce pass, overarm, underarm

		balances ( counter balance) arch, back support, Front support, shoulder stand, bridge		
			Year 4	
	Term	Autumn	Spring	Summer
PE	Deliberate Practice (Skills)  Knowledge Assessment questions:	<ul> <li>play competitive games, modified where netball, rounders and tennis], and apply k</li> <li>develop flexibility, strength, techniq</li> <li>perform dances using a range of movement take part in outdoor and adventurous act</li> </ul>	ivity challenges both individually and within a team evious ones and demonstrate improvement to ac Assessment Questions Invasion Games  Can children show you accuracy when passing a ball?  Can children show you how to send and receive a ball using different ways? Overarm/underarm/ chest pass/ bounce pass  Can children travel whilst maintaining control of a ball?  Can children explain how to organise themselves to play an invasion game?  Can children evaluate their performance?  Can children say what they need to do improve their performance?  Can children talk about the importance of exercise and some of the effects it has on their body?	Deliberate Practise Vocabulary: run, jump (star, tuck, bunny hop, leap, hop, straight, half) throw (over arm, underarm, bounce pass, chest pass) catch, balance, stretch, counter balance, agility, coordination, team, attack and defend, movement nattern warm up cool down healthy eversice  Assessment Questions  Athletics  Can children choose skills and equipment to meet challenges set?  Can children change speed or technique to meet challenges set for running, jumping and throwing?  Can children tell you what their body feels like when exercising?  Can children describe what happens to their bodies during exercise?  Can children evaluate their performance?  Can children say what they need to do improve their performance?  Can children talk about the importance of exercise and some of the effects it has on their body?
	Vocabulary	Dance timing, stimulus, translating, freely, improvise Spatial awareness  Gymnastics Combine Rotation Against Towards Across Evaluate	Possession Scoring Space Pass/send/receive Dribble Travel Team Striking Bowling Throwing Fielding Combinations Co -ordination Fluency Co -operation Competition Technique Partner Points Goals Rules Tactics Batting Fielding Bowler Wicket Tee Base Boundary Innings Rounder Backstop Court Target Net Defending Hitting Stance Offside Pitch Running Technique	Running Technique Pace Accuracy Power Throw High Low Skip Aim Fast Slow Bounce Jump Leap Hop Run Target Overarm Underarm Walking Jogging Accelerate Baton Relay Push Take off Landing Health and fitness – warm up/ cool down
		Improve Height Strength Suppleness Stamina Speed Level Wide Tucked Straight Twisted Constructive Points Twist Turn Safety Refine Agility Strength, Technique, Control Balance Evaluate Improve Shapes - Health and fitness - tuck, straddle, pike, arch, back support, Spatial awareness Repeat Dance Character Repetition Action Reaction Pattern	Then gotanee on side i her Kumming Teeninque	

		Movement Evaluate Improve Agility Flexibility Strength, Technique,				
		recrinique,	Year 5			
	Томпо	A 4			£	
	Term	Autumn	Spring		Summer	
PE	Deliberate Practice (Skills)  Knowledge Assessment questions:	<ul> <li>use running, jumping, throwing and catching in play competitive games, modified where appropriated netball, rounders and tennis], and apply basic principed develop flexibility, strength, technique, controemodified perform dances using a range of movement patternsetake part in outdoor and adventurous activity challerecompare their performances with previous one dassessment Questions</li> <li>Can children evaluate and improve a dance performance?</li> <li>Can children name the muscles/body parts that they need to warm up and cool down for dance?</li> <li>Can children respond to a stimulus to create movement patterns?</li> <li>Gymnastics</li> <li>Can children make up a sequence and adapt it dependent on apparatus?</li> <li>Can children use combinations of dynamics to use space?</li> <li>Can children plan a sequence?</li> <li>Can children identify the benefits of gymnastics?</li> <li>Can children set out and do risk assessments based on equipment?</li> <li>Can children evaluate their performance?</li> <li>Can children talk about the importance of exercise and some of the effects it has on their body?</li> </ul>	e [for example, badminton, basketball, criples suitable for attacking and defending and balance [for example, through and balance] in the control of the con	tuck, bunny in throw (over a chest pass) of balance, agilities and by a ferent ways on and and a ferent ways on and and a ferent ways on game? The configuration of the configura	ctise Vocabulary: run, jump (star, nop, leap, hop, straight, half) arm, underarm, bounce pass, atch, balance, stretch, counter ity, co-ordination, team, attack  Assessment Questions Athletics  Can children perform an actic consistent result? E.g. run 10 time, jump a certain distance. object a certain distance. Can children sustain pace ov distance? Can children show you a contand jump? Can children identify why exebeneficial? Can children evaluate their perform Can children say what they need to performance? Can children talk about the importal and some of the effects it has on the	oom in a set e, throw an er longer trolled throw ercise is hance? do improve their nce of exercise
	Vocabula ry	Dynamics Combination Contrasting Control Mirroring Matching Accurately Refine Evaluate Asymmetry Performance Create Symmetry Refinements Assessment Suppleness Strength Muscles Joints Explore Rotation Spin Turn Shapes – tuck, straddle, pike, arch, back support, Front support, shoulder stand, bridge Partner balances level 2 - ankles, high legs, high knees, thighs without support, Landing Take-off Flight Agility Strength, Technique, Control Balance Evaluate Improve Dance phrase Technique Formation Pattern Rhythm Expression Improvisation Modify Pace Timing Action Reaction Motif Dynamics	Possession Speed Direction Range of techniques C Competition Tactics Co-operation Create Control I Dribbling Shooting Shield ball Support Marking Re Attackers Defenders Team play Batting Fielding Bo Base Boundary Innings Rounder Backstop Court Ta Defending Hitting Stance Offside Pitch Forehand B Overhead	Decisions Passing possession owler Wicket Tee arget Net	Pull Accuracy Technique Distance Sprint Stead Height Record Joints Rhythm Leading leg Mea Overarm Jogging Walk Hurdles Landing Con Landing foot Time Stamina Obstacles Stance A Relay Strength, Technique, Control Balance Ev Health and fitness – warm up/ cool down	asure Underarm trol Preferred Approach Speed valuate Improve

		Control Balance Evaluate Improve Timing Perform Health and fitnes: warm up/ cool down/ heart rate/ pulse	s -	
		vanir up/ coor down/ neure rate/ pulse	Year 6	
	Term	Autumn	Spring	Summer
PE	Deliberate Practice (Skills)  Knowledge Assessment questions:	netball, rounders and tennis], and apply ba  develop flexibility, strength, technique perform dances using a range of movemen	ppropriate [for example, badminton, basketball, crists principles suitable for attacking and defending the control and balance [for example, through the patterns ity challenges both individually and within a team below the patterns ity challenges both individually and within a team below the patterns.	diberate Practise Vocabulary: run, jump (star, ck, bunny hop, leap, hop, straight, half) row (over arm, underarm, bounce pass, chest ss) catch, balance, stretch, counter lance, agility, co-ordination, team, attack  Assessment Questions  Athletics  Can children perform an action and get a consistent result? E.g. run 100m in a set time, jump a certain distance, throw an object a certain distance.  Can children sustain pace over longer distance?  Can children show you a controlled throw and jump?  Can children identify why exercise is beneficial?  Can children say what they need to do improve their performance?  Can children talk about the importance of exercise and some of the effects it has on their body?
	Vocabulary	Dynamics Combination Contrasting Control Mirroring Matching Accurately Refine Evaluate Asymmetry Performance Create Symmetry Refinements Assessment Suppleness Strength Muscles Joints Explore Rotation Spin Turn Shapes – tuck, straddle, pike, arch, back support, Front support, shoulder stand, bridge Partner balances level 2 - ankles, high legs, high knees, thighs without support, Landing Take-off	Possession Speed Direction Range of techniques Combinations Competition Tactics Co-operation Create Control Decisions Passing Dribbling Shooting Shield ball Support Marking Repossession Attackers Defenders Team play Batting Fielding Bowler Wicket Tee Base Boundary Innings Rounder Backstop Court Target Net Defending Hitting Stance Offside Pitch Forehand Backhand Volley Overhead	Pull Accuracy Technique Distance Sprint Steady pace Accuracy Height Record Joints Rhythm Leading leg Measure Underarm Overarm Jogging Walk Hurdles Landing Control Preferred Landing foot Time Stamina Obstacles Stance Approach Speed Relay Strength, Technique, Control Balance Evaluate Improve Health and fitness – warm up/ cool down/ heart rate running, throwing and jumping, pace, even, unevenly, targets, events, athletic performance,

Flight Agility St	rength, Technique, Control Balance Evaluate	strengths, refined, power, stamina, efficiency.
Improve	• , ,	
Dance ph	rase Technique Formation Pattern Rhythm	
Expression Im	provisation Modify Pace Timing Action Reaction	
Motif Dyn	amics Interpret Exploration Agility Flexibility	
	Strength Technique Control Balance Evaluate	
Improve Timi	ng Perform Health and fitness - warm up/ cool	
	down/ heart rate/ pulse	